## **SECTION C**

## GENERAL SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

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#### ADMINISTRATION GOALS

It is the intent of the School Committee that the District employ qualified personnel to administer the school system efficiently and to require the Superintendent to organize the administration in a manner that will make clear the functions of each position and the relationships among them.

The Superintendent will establish clear lines of communication, both vertically and horizontally, and will form any staff councils or committees needed to provide for efficient conduct of school business. In order to engage in this process in an orderly and effective fashion, each individual and group will be given particular, clear-cut responsibilities. Channels will be established so that the recommendations and decisions of each group can be heard and reviewed by the chief administrative officer concerned, and, where appropriate, by the Superintendent and School Committee.

The organization and administration of the schools will balance responsibility with commensurate authority, subject to the reserved legal powers of the School Committee. This means that a staff member, when assigned a responsibility or a position, will be given the authority to make the decisions necessary to perform the assigned tasks.

For the schools to operate effectively, each administrative officer will be responsible and accountable for making a plan of development for all staff assigned to his/her area of operation.

## SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT

The Committee shall employ a Superintendent of Schools and fix his/her compensation. The Superintendent shall act in accordance with General Laws, Chapter 71, Section 59, and shall perform such other duties consistent with this section as the Committee may determine. He/she shall also prepare such reports as may be required by the State Department of Education and shall submit materials for the Committee's annual report to the Mayor and City Council in sufficient time for printing in the annual report.

LEGAL REFS: M.G.L. 71:59, 72:3

## SUPERINTENDENT'S CONTRACT

The Committee, upon the appointment of a candidate or upon reappointment of the incumbent Superintendent, will enter into a written contract with the Superintendent which will meet the requirements of law and will protect the rights of both the Committee and the Superintendent.

LEGAL REFS.: M.G.L. 71:41; 71:42

NOTE: Under the laws of the Commonwealth, the School Committee may award a contract to a Superintendent of schools for a period not to exceed six years.

## **EVALUATION OF THE SUPERINTENDENT**

Through annual evaluation of the Superintendent, the School Committee shall strive to accomplish the following:

- 1. Clarify for the Superintendent his/her role in the school system as seen by the School Committee.
- 2. Clarify for all Committee members the role of the Superintendent in the light of his/her job description and the immediate priorities among his/her responsibilities as agreed upon by the Committee and the Superintendent.
- 3. Develop harmonious working relationships between the School Committee and Superintendent.
- 4. Provide administrative leadership of excellence for the school system.

The School Committee shall periodically develop with the Superintendent a set of performance objectives based on the needs of the school system. The Superintendent's performance shall be reviewed in accordance with these specified goals. Additional objectives shall be established at intervals agreed upon with the Superintendent.

LEGAL REF.: 603 CMR 35:00

## ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION PLAN

The School Committee desires the administrative organizational structure of the school system to accommodate and enhance the attainment of the objectives set forth for the schools, particularly those relating to the educational program.

The legal authority of the School Committee is transmitted through the Superintendent along specific paths from person to person through the approved Table of Organization on file in the School Department's Job Description Manual.

The lines of the organizational chart represent direction of authority and responsibility and are not intended to restrict cooperation among staff members at all levels or the flow of ideas necessary in the decision-making processes.

The Superintendent shall be responsible for keeping the administrative structure of the school system up-to-date with the changes in goals, curriculum, instructional arrangements, and school services, and shall recommend revisions in the structure as necessary to the School Committee.

CROSS REF.: CF, School Building Administration

## LINE AND STAFF RELATIONS

The School Committee desires the Superintendent to establish clear understandings on the part of all personnel of the working relationships in the school system.

Lines of direct authority shall be those approved by the Committee and shown on the District's Table of Organization..

Personnel shall be expected to refer matters requiring administrative action to the administrator to whom they are responsible. The administrator shall refer such matters to the next higher administrative authority when necessary. Additionally, all personnel are expected to keep the person to whom they are immediately responsible informed of their activities.

It is expected that the established lines of authority will serve most purposes. But all personnel shall have the right to appeal any decision made by an administrative officer through grievance procedures established through Committee policy and/or collective bargaining agreements.

Additionally, lines of authority do not restrict in any way the cooperative, sensible working together of all staff members at all levels in order to develop the best possible school programs and services. The established lines of authority represent direction of authority and responsibility; when the staff is working together, the lines represent avenues for a two-way flow of ideas to improve the program and operations of the school system.

CROSS REFS.: BHC, School Committee-Staff Communications

File: CDA (also GCO)

## **EVALUATION OF THE PROFESSIONAL STAFF**

In order to assure a high quality of teacher and administrator performance and to advance the instructional programs of the district schools, a continuous program for teacher and administrator evaluation shall be established.

The evaluation process shall include:

- the development and periodic review of techniques and procedures for making evaluations
- interpretation of the information gained in the evaluative process in terms of the objectives of the instructional program
- the application of the information gained to the planning of staff development and in-service training activities which are designed to improve instruction and increase teacher competence.

The evaluation process may include self-evaluation, supervisor-initiated observations, and teacher-initiated observations.

## ADMINISTRATIVE COUNCILS, CABINETS AND COMMITTEES

The Superintendent may establish such permanent or temporary councils, cabinets, and committees as he/she deems necessary for assuring staff participation in decision making, for implementing policies and regulations and for the improvement of the educational program.

Functioning in an advisory capacity, all councils, cabinets and committees created by the Superintendent may make recommendations for submission to the School Committee through the Superintendent. Such groups will exercise no inherent authority. Authority for establishing policy remains with the Committee and authority for implementing policy remains with the Superintendent.

The membership, composition and responsibilities of administrative councils, cabinets and committees will be defined by the Superintendent and may be changed at his/her discretion. However, the School Committee wishes to be kept informed of the establishment and dissolution of these groups as well as their membership and their purpose.

Expenses incurred by such groups for consultative services, materials, and any investigative travel will be paid by the school system, but only within budgetary allotments and when approved in advance by the Superintendent.

## SCHOOL BUILDING ADMINISTRATION

Each building Principal shall act as the chief administrative officer for his/her assigned school building and grounds, subject to the supervision and direction of the Superintendent or designee. He/she shall be responsible for and shall have authority over the actions of students, professional and support staff employees, visitors, and persons hired to perform special tasks.

Each Principal shall keep the Superintendent informed of activities in their buildings by whatever means the Superintendent deems appropriate.

Current practice codified 1975

LEGAL REF.: 71:59B

## POLICY IMPLEMENTATION

The Superintendent has responsibility for carrying out, through administrative regulations, the policies established by the School Committee.

The policies developed by the Committee and the administrative regulations developed to implement policy are designed to increase the probability of an effective and efficient school system. Consequently, it is assumed that all School Committee employees and students will willingly carry them out.

Employees in superordinate positions are responsible for informing subordinates of existing policies and regulations and for seeing that they are implemented in the spirit intended. Continuous disregard for Committee policy and administrative regulation may be interpreted as willful neglect of duty.

#### DEVELOPMENT OF REGULATIONS

The Superintendent will be responsible for specifying required actions and designing the detailed arrangements under which the school system will be operated in accordance with School Committee policy. These detailed arrangements will be designed to implement policies, goals, and objectives of the Committee and will be one of the means by which the school system will be governed.

In the development of regulations, the Superintendent may involve at the planning stage those who would be affected by the regulations, including staff members, students, parents/guardians, and the public. He/she must weigh with care the counsel given by representatives of staff, student and community organizations. He/she will inform the Committee of such counsel in presenting pertinent reports of regulations and in presenting regulations for Committee approval.

As long as the Superintendent operates within the guidelines of policy adopted by the Committee, he/she may issue regulations without prior Committee approval unless Committee action is required by law, or the Committee has specifically asked that certain types of regulations be given Committee approval, or the Superintendent recommends Committee approval in light of strong community attitudes or probable staff reactions.

Adopted/Reviewed/Updated:1/11/2016

<u>File</u>: CHB (also BGD)

#### SCHOOL COMMITTEE REVIEW OF REGULATIONS

It is expected that the Superintendent and administrative staff will need to issue regulations implementing policies of the School Committee. Many of these will be routine from year to year; others will arise in special circumstances; some will be drawn up under specific directions from the Committee.

The Committee may review the regulations developed by the Superintendent for the school system whenever they appear inconsistent with policy, goals, or objectives of the district, but it will revise or veto such regulations only when, in the Committee's judgment, they are inconsistent with policies adopted by the Committee.

The Committee will not officially approve regulations except as required by state law, or in cases when strong community attitudes or possible student or staff reaction make it necessary or advisable for a regulation to have the Committee's advance approval.

## **Rules Pertaining to Staff and Student Conduct**

Under Massachusetts law, the Superintendent is required to publish "rules and regulations pertaining to the conduct of teachers and students which have been adopted." (Codes of discipline, as well as procedures used to develop such codes shall be filed with the Department of Education for information purposes only.) Standards of conduct will be included in staff and student handbooks. These handbooks will be reviewed and approved annually by the School Committee.

LEGAL REFS.: M.G.L. 71:37H

## **REGULATIONS DISSEMINATION**

It will be the responsibility of the Superintendent to see that the regulations developed to implement Committee policies and administer the school system are appropriately coded and included as regulations in the School Committee's policy manual.

A regulation concerning a particular group or groups in the schools will be distributed to the group(s) prior to the effective date of the regulation.

#### APPROVAL OF HANDBOOKS AND DIRECTIVES

The Principal, in consultation with the school council, shall prepare and distribute to each student a handbook setting forth the rules pertaining to conduct of students. The school council shall review the handbook each spring to consider changes in the disciplinary policy to take effect in September.

It is essential that the contents of all handbooks conform to School Committee policies. It is also important that all handbooks bearing the name of the school system or one of its schools be of a quality that reflects credit on the school department. Therefore, the Committee expects handbooks requiring approval to be approved prior to publication by the Committee and/or the Superintendent.

Committee approval will be necessary for any handbooks that pertain to required standards of conduct for employees or students so that their contents may be accorded the status of Committee-approved policy or regulation. The Superintendent will use his/her judgment as to whether other specific handbooks need Committee approval; however, all handbooks published will be made available to the Committee for informational purposes.

LEGAL REFS.: M.G.L. 71:37H; 71:37H ½

# ADMINISTRATION IN POLICY ABSENCE

In cases when action must be taken within the school system where the Committee has provided no guides for administrative action, the Superintendent shall have the power to act.

His/her decisions, however, shall be subject to review by the Committee at its next regular meeting. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent to inform the Committee promptly of such action and of the need for policy.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE REPORTS

The School Committee will require reports from the Superintendent concerning conditions of efficiency and needs of the schools.

School building administrators will be required to keep such records and make reports as the Superintendent may direct or require.

Upon receipt of the Superintendent's reports, the Committee will take steps to appraise the effectiveness with which the schools are achieving the educational purposes of the school system.

Because statistical information often has a time value, each administrator will give careful consideration to all procedures related to reports, accounting, and general business matters that are required for the administration of the school program and will make accurate and prompt return on scheduled dates of all required statistical and other information.

## SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL REPORT

An annual report covering the diversified activities of the school system and the administration's recommendations for their improvement shall be prepared by the Superintendent and presented to the School Committee as soon as possible after the close of each year. Upon Committee approval, the report shall be made available to the public and used as one means for informing parents and citizens, the state education agency, and other school districts in the area of the programs and conditions of the district's schools.

LEGAL REF.: M.G.L. 72:4